

23-Proportion-and-Scale

Proportion & scale

Shape of graphics

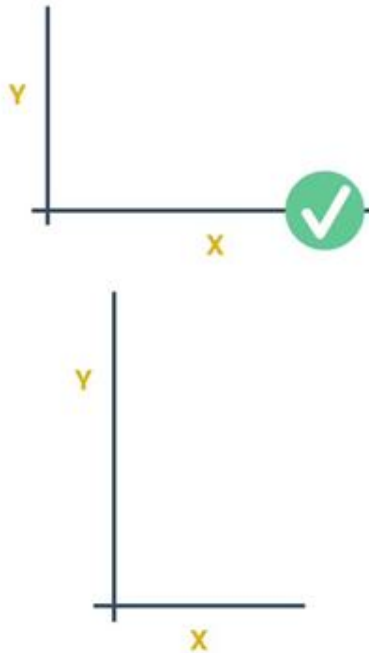
Shape of graphics

GRAPHICS SHOULD BE DRAWN IN LANDSCAPE MODE UNLESS THE NATURE OF THE DATA TELLS US OTHERWISE



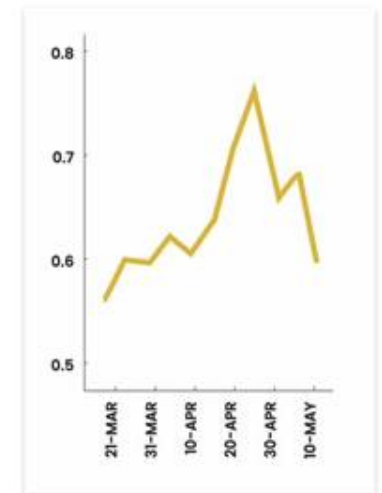
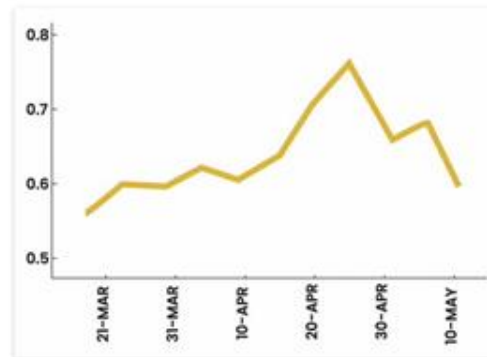
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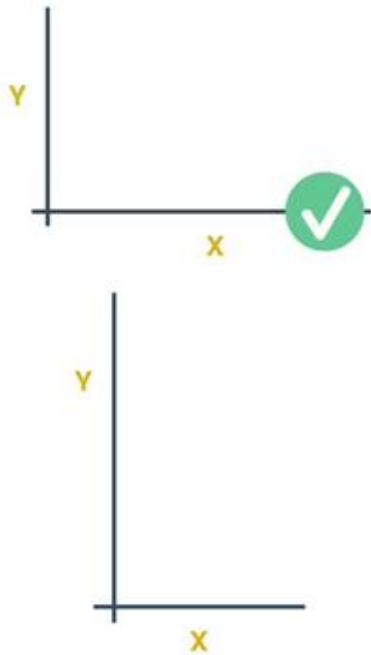
REASON 1

Our eye is naturally practiced in detecting deviation from the horizon. e.g. horizontal time series are more accessible to the eye



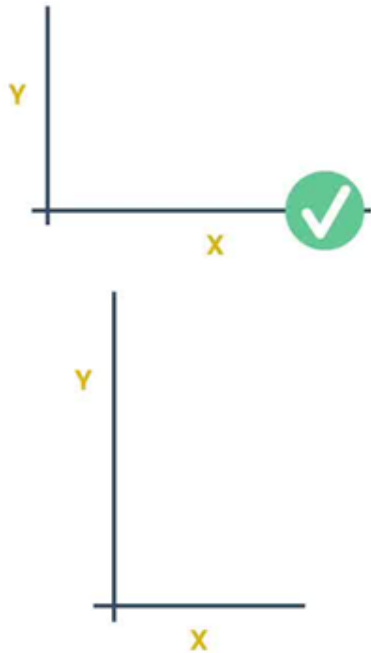
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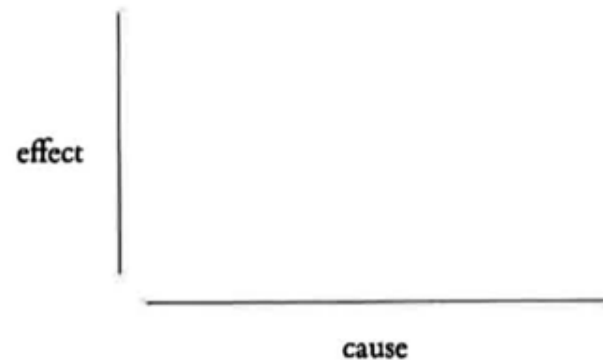
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REASON 3

It allows us to put emphasis on causality (if there is any).
Many graphics plot:



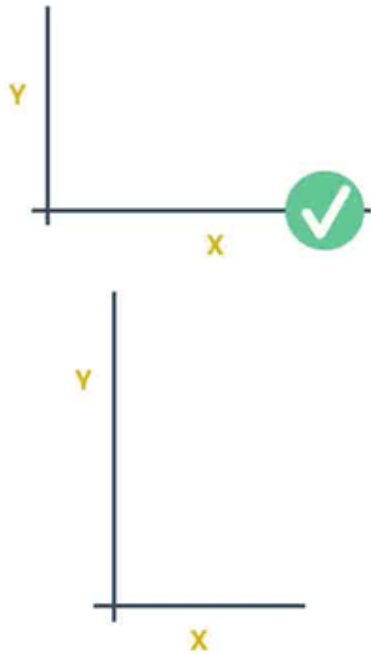
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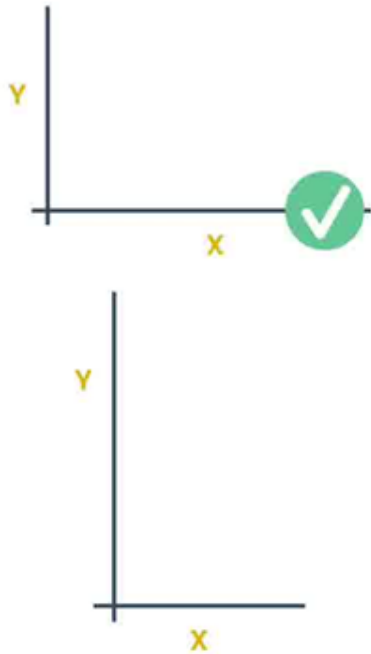
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WHAT ASPECT RATIO SHOULD IT BE?

Shape of graphics

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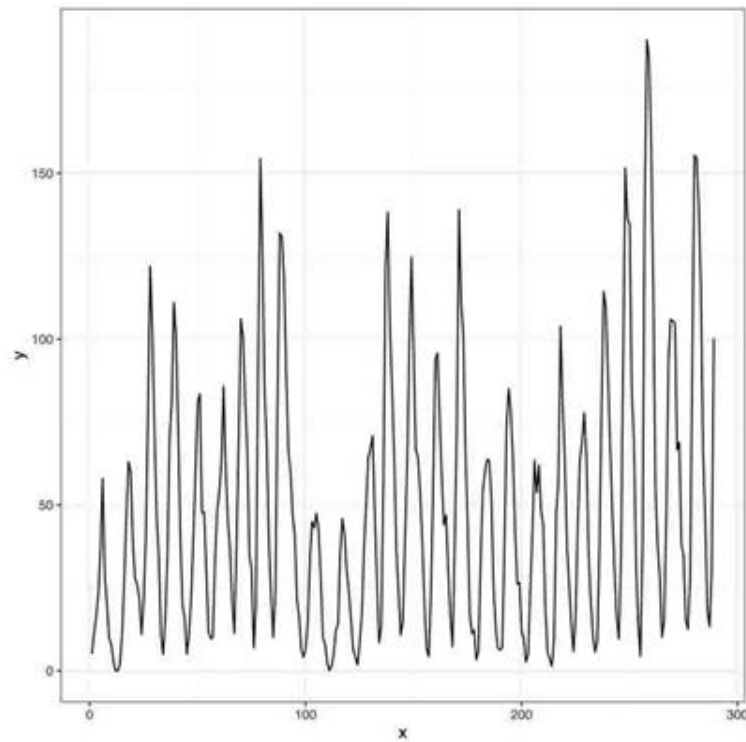
WHAT ASPECT RATIO SHOULD IT BE?

The golden rectangle has a ratio of 1:1.6



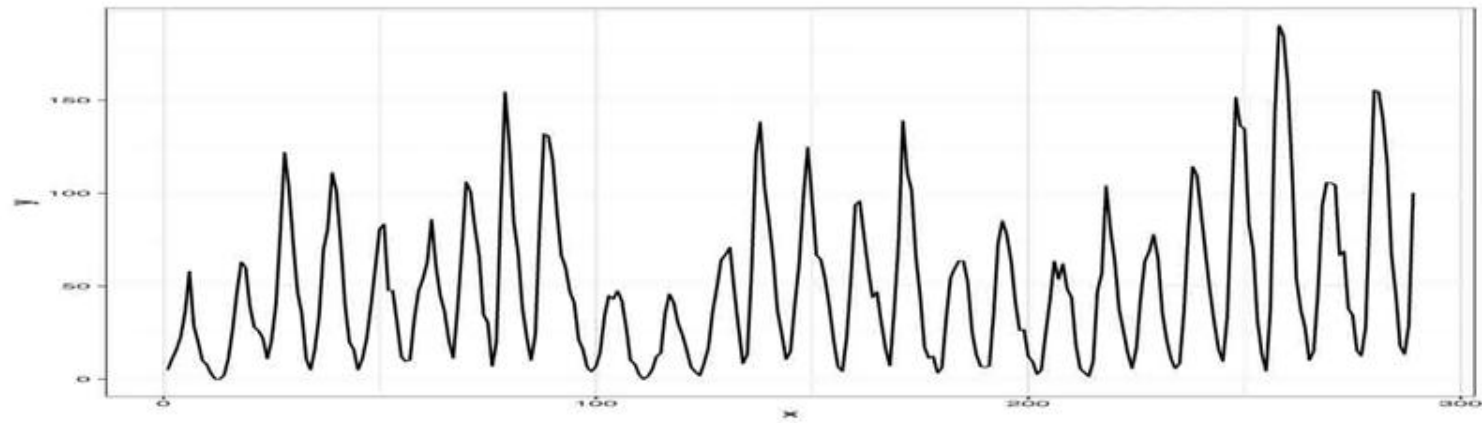
Banking to 45°

For time series, William Cleveland demonstrates how the aspect ratio can affect the analyst's perception of trends in the data.



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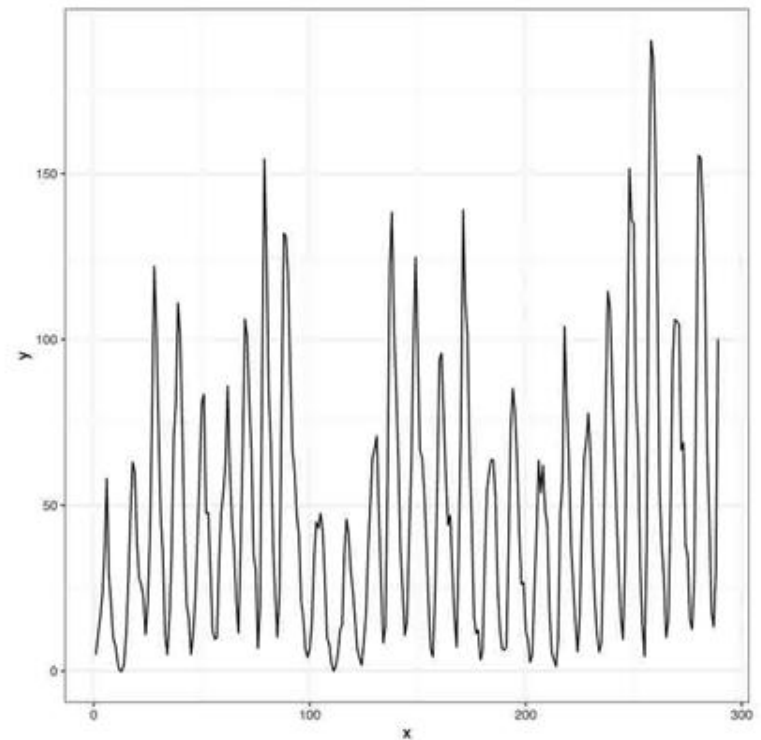


WHAT IS THE APPROPRIATE ASPECT RATIO FOR TIME SERIES LIKE THIS?

Banking to 45°

For time series, William Cleveland demonstrates how the aspect ratio can affect the analyst's perception of trends in the data.

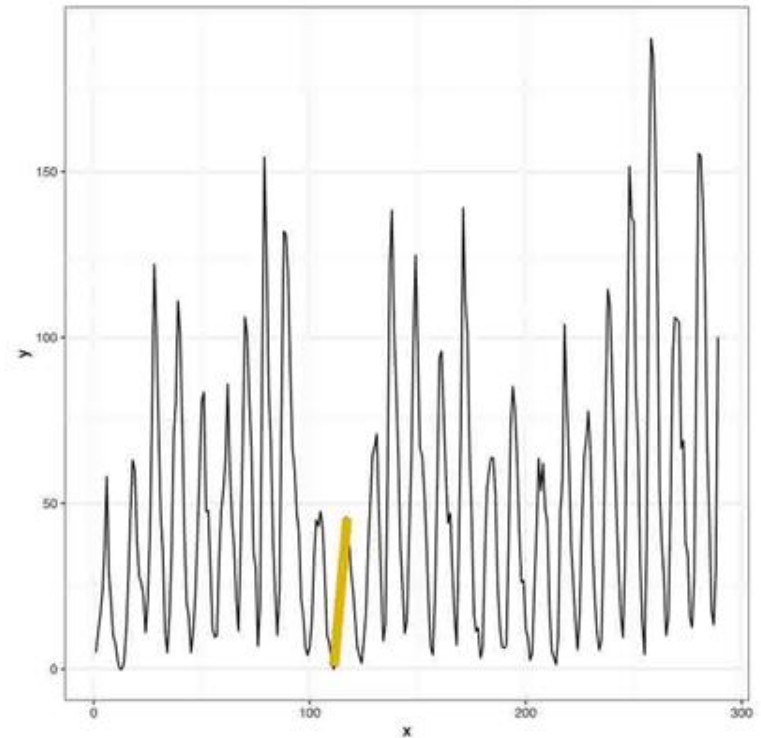
Cleveland proposes an optimization technique, called **banking to 45°**, for computing the aspect ratio such that the average absolute orientation of line segments in the chart is equal to 45 degrees.



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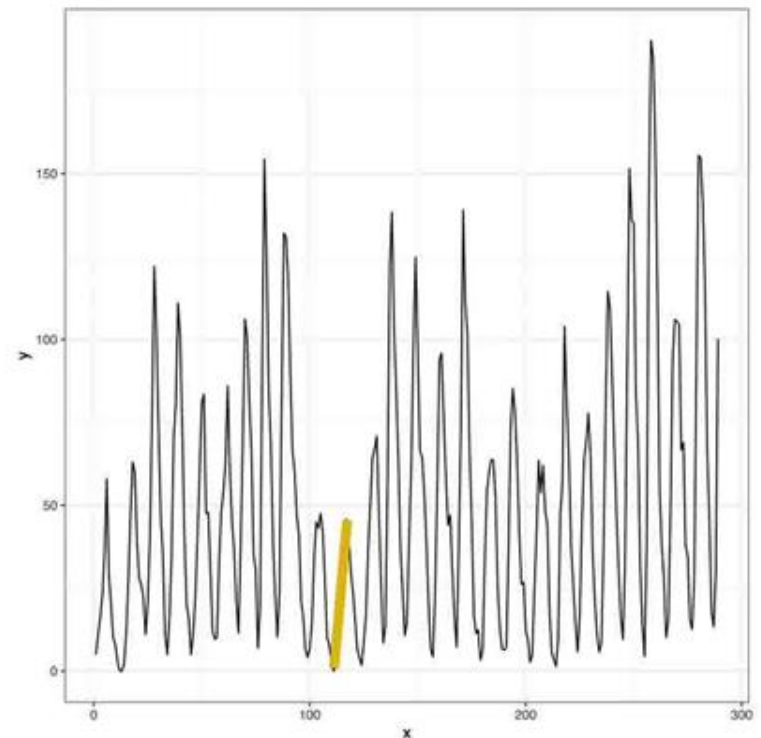


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The **goal** is to maximize the discriminability of the orientations of the line segments in the chart.



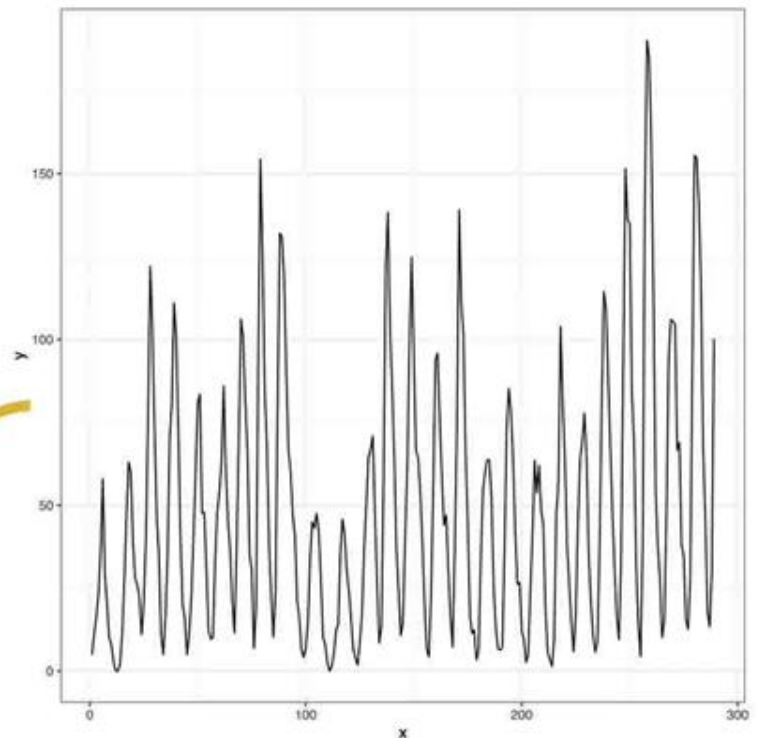
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1:1



Banking to 45°

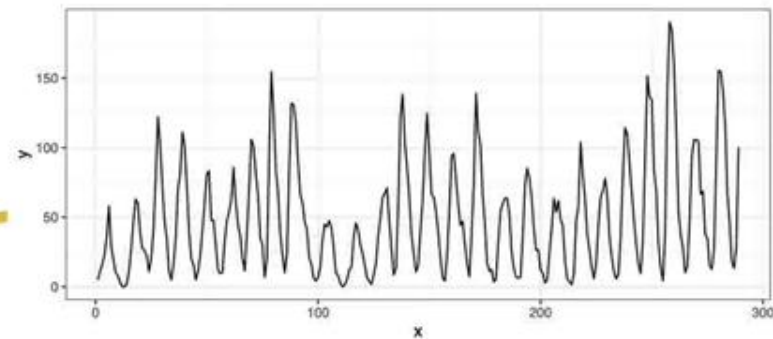
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1:1.6 (golden ratio)

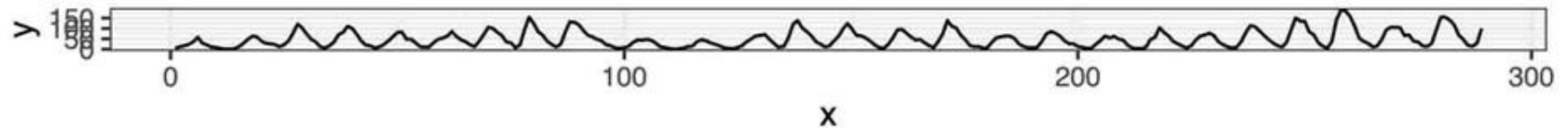


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1:30 (aspect ratio calculated with banking to 45°)

Banking to 45°

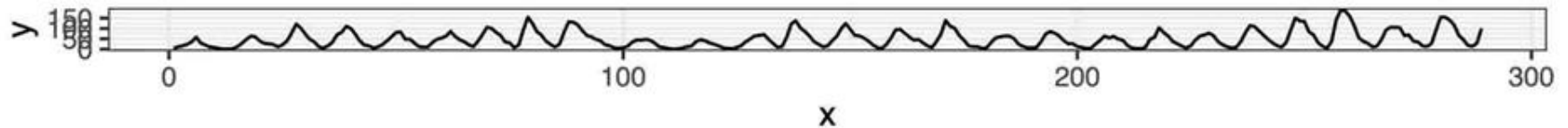
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The peaks go up faster than they go down



1:30 (aspect ratio calculated with banking to 45°)

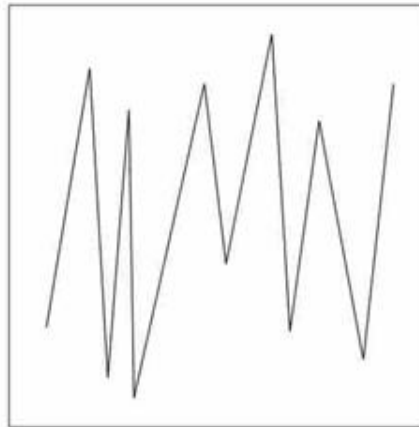
Banking to 45° > How does it work?

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Goal: Determine the aspect ratio such that the average orientation of all line segments in a chart is 45°

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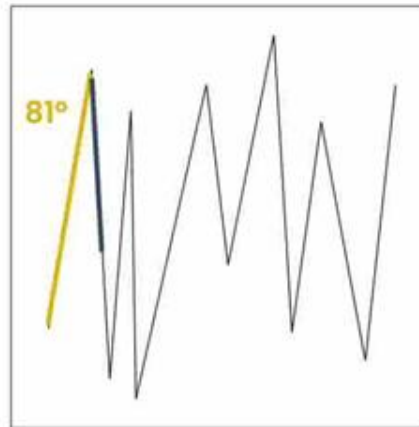
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Aspect ratio 1:1

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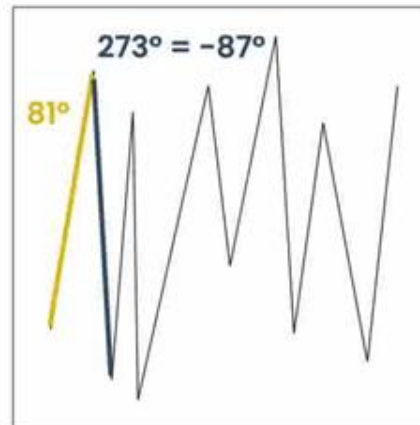
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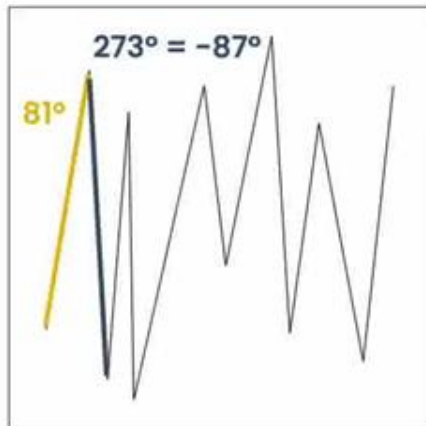
Aspect ratio 1:1

81° 87° 85° 89° 77° 83° 78° 87° 82° 79° 84°

mean = 82.9

Banking to 45° > How does it work?

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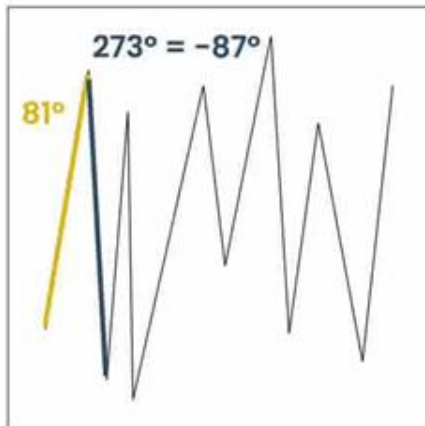
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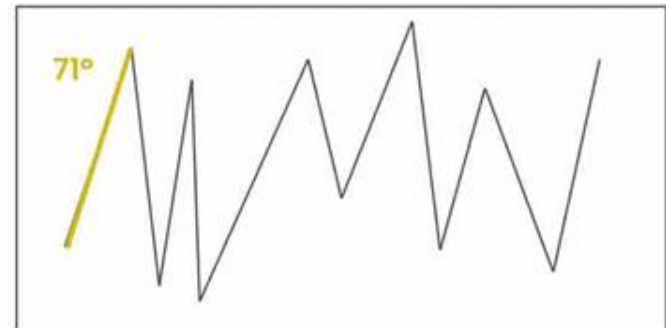
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Aspect ratio 1:1



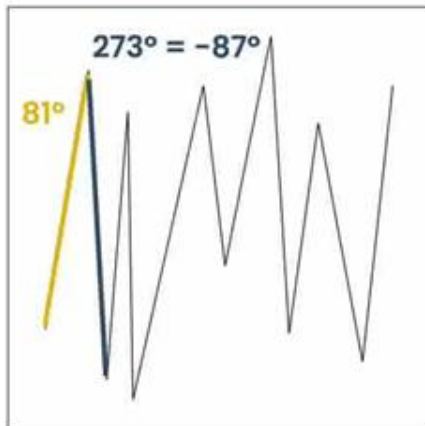
Aspect ratio 1:2

81° 87° 85° 89° 77° 83° 78° 87° 82° 79° 84°

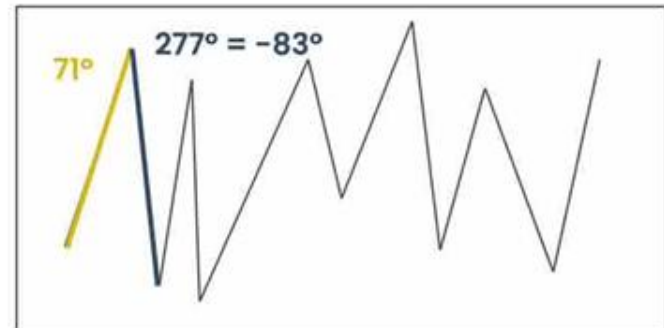
mean = 82.9

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Goal: Determine the aspect ratio such that the average orientation of all line segments in a chart is 45°



Aspect ratio 1:1



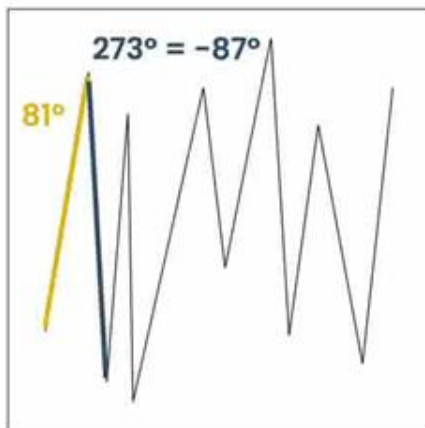
Aspect ratio 1:2

81° 87° 85° 89° 77° 83° 78° 87° 82° 79° 84°

mean = 82.9

Banking to 45° > How does it work?

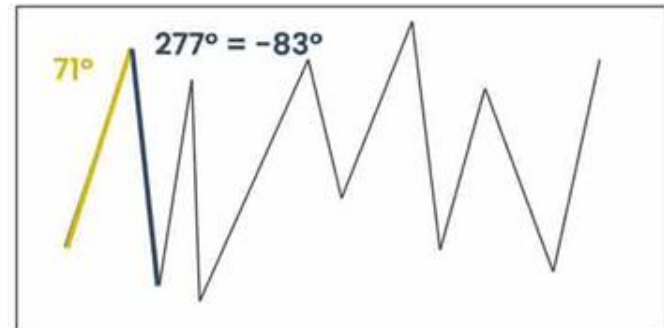
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81° 87° 85° 89° 77° 83° 78° 87° 82° 79° 84°

mean = 82.9



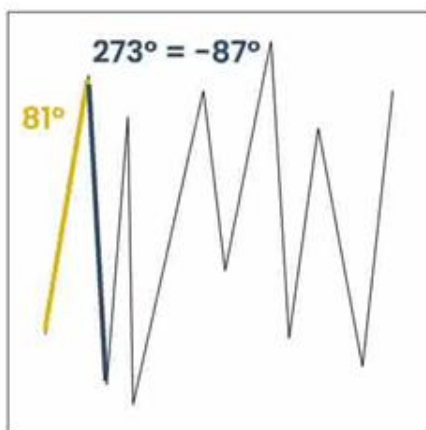
Aspect ratio 1:2

71° 83° 81° 88° 66° 76° 68° 83° 74° 70° 78°

mean = 76.1

Banking to 45° > How does it work?

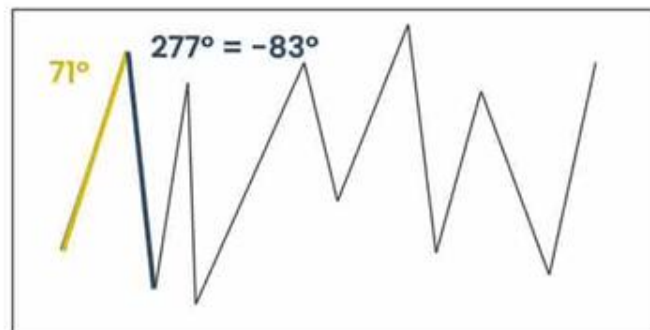
Goal: Determine the aspect ratio such that the average orientation of all line segments in a chart is 45°



Aspect ratio 1:1

**OPTIMIZATION
PROBLEM**

`bank_slopes (ggthemes)`



Aspect ratio 1:2

81° 87° 85° 89° 77° 83° 78° 87° 82° 79° 84°

mean = 82.9

71° 83° 81° 88° 66° 76° 68° 83° 74° 70° 78°

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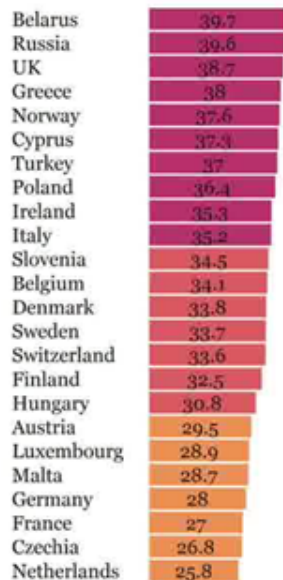
Take home message

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Narrow charts suggest
vertical reading:



Wide charts suggest
horizontal reading:

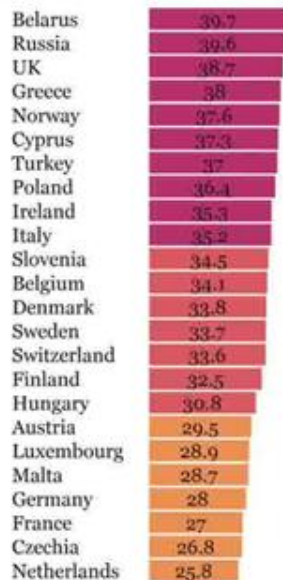


SOURCE: @MILOSAGATHON

Take home message

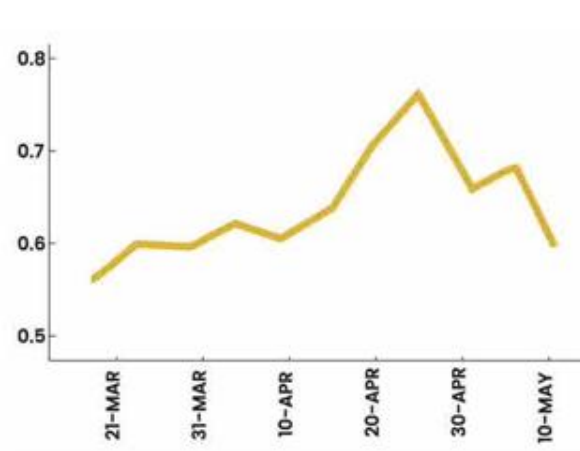
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Narrow charts suggest **vertical** reading:

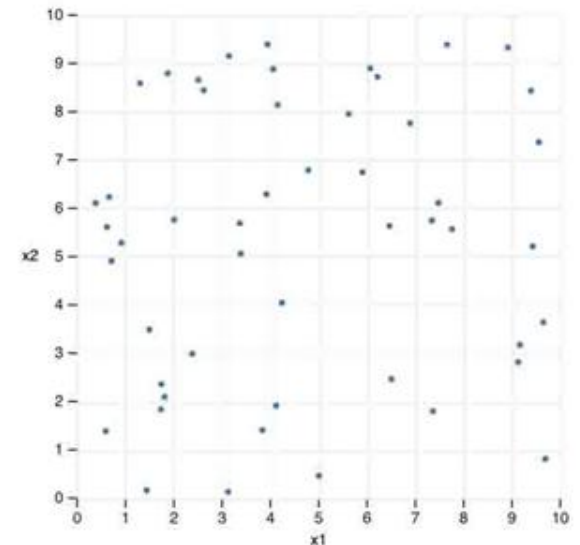


SOURCE: @MILOSAGATHON

Wide charts suggest **horizontal** reading:



Square charts suggest no preferred direction:



SOURCE: ENRICO BERTINI